



**Max McKee**  
Executive Director  
(541) 840-4888



**Scott McKee**  
Managing Director  
(541) 778-4880



**Paul Kassulke**  
Director of Operations  
(541) 778-3161

**Visit us @ [www.bandworld.org](http://www.bandworld.org)**

**Another ABC Presentation**

American Band College of  
Sam Houston State University



Practical Applications #2

# Technique Boot Camp

*A Progressive Daily Routine for the Serious  
Instrumentalist*

**Percussion**



Christopher Fogderud - PC  
Summer 2011

# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion



## TABLE OF CONTENTS



Enlistment Information .....	4
Practice Guidelines for Enlistee and Parents .....	5
Promotion Chart .....	6
<b><u>The Warm-Up</u></b>	
Stretching .....	7
<b><u>Snare Exercises</u></b>	
Sticking Drills .....	8
Roll Drills .....	11
Flam Drills .....	14
Rudiment Reference Sheet .....	17
<b><u>Mallet Exercises</u></b>	
Technical Drills .....	19
Major Scale Drills .....	23
Acknowledgments .....	36



## WARNING!!

YOU ARE ABOUT TO ENLIST IN A HIGHLY EFFECTIVE PROGRAM.  
IF YOU ARE NOT PREPARED FOR THE FOLLOWING SIDE EFFECTS,  
CLOSE THIS OPERATIONS MANUAL AT ONCE!

SIDE EFFECTS OF USING THIS BOOK AS DIRECTED:

1. A sudden belief that your band director has started to pick easier music
2. A sneaking suspicion that band rehearsal has gotten shorter because you haven't even broken a sweat yet.
3. A profound distortion of reality - what was once fast music is now quite slow and easily played
4. "Buff-ness" is evident in the area of the fingers, wrists, fore-arms and cerebral cortex.
5. An increased sense of confidence accompanied by a strong desire to play more exciting and challenging music.
6. In short - YOU WILL BECOME A BETTER PLAYER!



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion



## ENLISTMENT INFORMATION



To the enlistee:

Welcome to Technique Boot Camp, Private! By enlisting in Boot Camp, you have shown that you are a serious musician who is looking to improve your playing. Before you begin, the Drill Sergeant has some orders:

### General Orders No. 1-5

#### Embouchure Boot Camp - Rules and Regulations

1. The musical drills contained in this Boot Camp Operations Manual must be practiced DAILY. You will not find success by returning casually to these exercises. They must be played every day with PURPOSE. Plot your progress using the PROMOTION CHART on page 6. Boot Camp is not a casual experience; it involves commitment...YOU MUST ENLIST!
2. None of the drills in Technique Boot Camp should be played for the sake of "getting through them." True improvement will result when the drills are played thoughtfully while taking each of the Drill Sergeant's Orders (listed at the beginning of each section of the manual) into careful consideration. The drills must not just be played, but played correctly.
3. **ALL** drills that contain metronome markings **MUST** be played with a metronome.
4. The exercises and drills in the Boot Camp Operations Manual do not consist of an entire practice session. They are meant to give the player a consistent and thorough routine that is played every day before etudes, solos and literature are practiced. The number of drills that are done each day will vary depending on time constraints. A normal routine should take 30 minutes. If the private has only 10 minutes on a particular day, then 1 drill from every section of the manual should be played. At no time should 0 drills be considered - see General Order No. 1.
5. A private lesson teacher is strongly encouraged to progress through this manual. However, many situations arise and every effort has been made to give detailed and concise instructions for every drill. If you read these carefully and put them into practice, you should be able to put yourself through boot camp.

Your band is proud of the commitment and dedication that you have already shown by enlisting in Technique Boot Camp. You will need to continue to show these traits in order to progress through Boot Camp. Who knows, if you work hard and follow the rules and regulations listed above, you might graduate boot camp with the rank of Command Chief Master Sergeant. Only one question remains: Do you have what it takes?

Sincerely,

Drill Sergeant  
Technique Boot Camp



4

# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion



## PRACTICE GUIDELINES



### To the enlistee:

Consider these guidelines to help yourself stay on track for daily practice:

- ✎ Set a regular time to practice.
- ✎ Find a comfortable, well-lit, quiet place to practice, preferably the largest room in the house to help with sound development.
- ✎ Practice standing up, not sitting.
- ✎ Use your metronome consistently.
- ✎ Practicing in short amounts daily is much more preferable than cramming. Developing instrumental technique is much like an exercise workout—teach your muscles by doing a little bit daily.
- ✎ Take frequent breaks if you are more advanced and practicing more than 45 minutes per day. Sessions of playing longer than 45 minutes can cause muscular problems such as tendonitis or carpal tunnel syndrome if one does not rest frequently.
- ✎ Don't forget that the ultimate goal is not to produce the notes you see on the page as you would type in words on a keyboard. The goal is to produce beautiful music. Never forget to listen to yourself and make music as you practice. Try to mimic the sounds of your favorite players.

### To the Commanding Officers of the Household (i.e. Parents):

Congratulations, your student has just enrolled in Technique Boot Camp! In order to give your student the best opportunity for success, please consider the following guidelines to assist in the quality of their practice.

- ✎ Stay connected. Encourage your student to practice and reward his/her hard work with recognition. Instruments are not quiet, so be sure to support your student's practice time even if you are reading or watching TV.
- ✎ Give your student a place to practice that is free of distractions, preferably in the largest room in the house. This will help develop projection by practicing filling up a large space with sound.
- ✎ Allow the student to leave the instrument out so it is easily accessible for practice. The safest way to do this is to purchase an instrument stand. Your enlistee will practice more often if the instrument is visible and handy.
- ✎ Help your student to stay on track by reminding him/her to practice in a way that helps them to realize their goals. Use language like, "I know it has been a busy day, but if you practice today, you will stay on track to achieve your goal of getting placed in the top band next year."



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion



## PROMOTION CHART



Every drill in this book is intended to be played every day as part of a daily practice routine. However, it is more than likely that this will be impossible for the Technique Boot Camp enlistee to achieve immediately. Therefore, it is necessary to plot a course through the book starting with the rank of "Private" and ending with the rank of "Command Chief Master Sergeant."

Each exercise in Technique Boot Camp is preceded by a military rank insignia. This denotes the difficulty level of each exercise and helps the enlistee (you) chart your progress through boot camp. The chart below lists what Technique Boot Camp exercises that need to be performed in order to achieve the different military ranks. All ranks should make sure to perform the stretching exercises every day.

Good Luck on your journey from Private to Command Chief Master Sergeant!

Insignia	Rank	Snare Sticking Drills	Snare Roll Drills	Snare Flam Drills	Mallet Technical Exercises	Mallet Scale Exercises	Date of Promotion
	Private						
	Private 1 <sup>st</sup> Class						
	Sergeant						
	Staff Sergeant						
	Technical Sergeant						
	Master Sergeant	ALL Tech Srgt Drills at > 100 bpm	ALL Tech Srgt Drills at > 100 bpm	ALL Tech Srgt Drills at > 100 bpm	ALL Tech Srgt Drills at > 100 bpm	ALL Tech Srgt Drills at > 100 bpm	
	Senior Master Sergeant						
	Chief Master Sergeant						
	Command Chief Master Sergeant	ALL Exercises Performed at > 100 bpm	ALL Exercises Performed at > 100 bpm	ALL Exercises Performed at > 100 bpm	ALL Exercises Performed at > 100 bpm	ALL Exercises Performed at > 100 bpm	



6

# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion



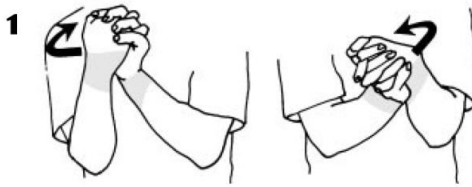
## STRETCHING



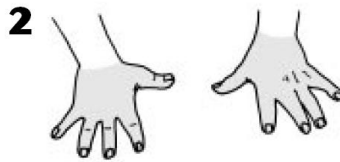
First things first! Technique Boot Camp will demand a lot from the muscles in your fingers wrist and arms. You are, in fact, an athlete when it comes to playing a percussion instrument so you need to take care of your muscles like an athlete would. Make sure to stretch gently before you practice or perform. DO NOT SKIP THIS STEP.

### Drill Sergeant's Orders:

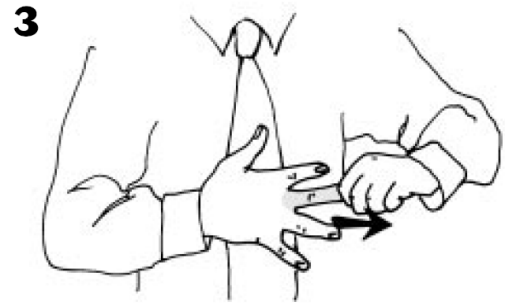
- 👉 Do all stretches every day
- 👉 Do each stretch GENTLY and SLOWLY
- 👉 Use this time to relax your mind as well. You want to be physically and emotionally calm while practicing. Tension is the enemy of great technique!



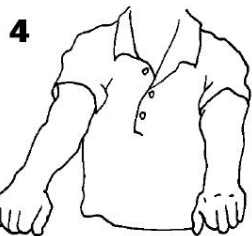
10 times  
clockwise & counterclockwise



10 sec  
each position



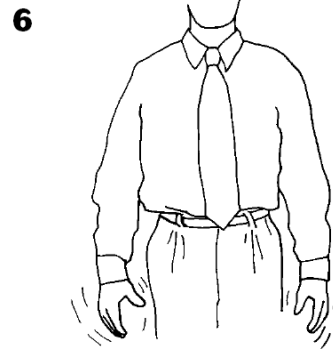
pull each finger & thumb gently  
4 times each direction, do both hands



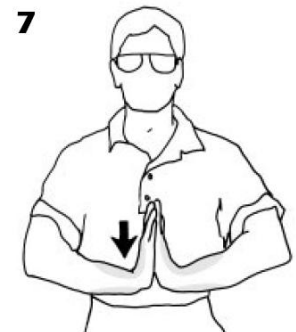
5 sec  
2 times



5 sec  
each arm



10 sec  
shake hands



10 sec

7





# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion








## STICKING DRILLS




Your first playing of the day should reinforce good fundamental technique. During all of the drills contained in this book, make sure to focus on great hand and drum position. The whole point of these drills is not simply to practice them, but to practice them correctly.

### Drill Sergeant's Orders:

-  STAY RELAXED - Monitor your tension at all times. If you feel the slightest bit of tension: **1.** Stop immediately; **2.** Do stretch #6; **3.** Return when relaxed.
-  Drills MUST be played with a metronome
-  Starting metronome marking is exactly that - a place to start. Gradually shift the tempo upwards. Don't accept limits on your technique. You will surprise yourself.
-  Sticking must be played precisely as written.
-  All repeats should be played a total of 10 times. That's right. You heard me ... 10 times.

Start at: ♩ = 80



Drill 1: Four staves of music in 4/4 time. Each staff has a specific sticking pattern written below it.

Staff 1: R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L

Staff 2: L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R

Staff 3: R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L

Staff 4: R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L

Start at: ♩ = 80



Drill 2: Four staves of music in 4/4 time. Each staff has a specific sticking pattern written below it.

Staff 1: R R R R R R R R R R L L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R R R R R R R R R L L R L R L R L R L R L R L L

Staff 2: L L L L L L L L L L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L L L L L L L L L L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R

Staff 3: R R R R R R R R R R L L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R R R R R R R R R L L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R

Staff 4: L L L L L L L L L L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L L L L L L L L L L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L





# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

Start at: ♩ = 70



RLRLRLRLRLRLRL RLRLRLRLRLRLRL LRLRLRLRLRLRLR LRLRLRLRLRLRL  
RLRLRLRLRLRLRL RLRLRLRLRLRLRL LRLRLRLRLRLRLR LRLRLRLRLRLRL  
RLRLRLRLRLRLRLRL RLRLRLRLRLRLRR LRLRLRLRLRLRLRLR LRLRLRLRLRLRL  
RLRLRLRLRLRLRLRL LRLRLRLRLRLRLRLR RLRLRLRLRLRLRLRL LRLRLRLRLRLRLRL

Start at: ♩ = 70



R L R I. R R I. R R I. I. R I. R I. R I. R I. R I. R I. R R I. R R I. R R I. I. R I. R I. R I. R I.  
L R L R L L R R L L R R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L L R R L R L R L R L R L R  
R R L L R R L L R R L R R L L R R L R R L L R R L L R R L R R L L R R L L R R L  
L L R R L L R R L L R L L R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L R R

## YOU ARE WHAT YOU EAT



**Evelyn Glennie**

Check out the most fascinating percussionists ever - Evelyn Glennie! She is considered to be the first ever full-time solo percussionist in 20<sup>th</sup> Century western society. She performs all over the world. She is also profoundly deaf and has taught herself to "hear" with other parts of her body. She regularly performs barefoot to feel the vibrations of the sound.

The recording on the right is her "Greatest Hits" CD. It is 2 discs of some of the most amazing percussion music you will ever find.



CHECK IT OUT!!







# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

Start at: ♩ = 70



Rudiment #13 →

R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L

R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L

R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L

R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L

Start at: ♩ = 70



Rudiment #15 →

R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L

R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L

R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L

R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L



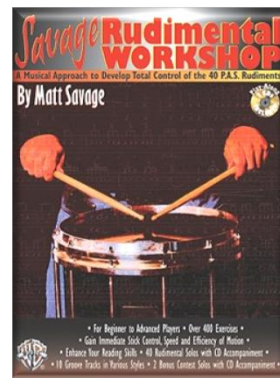
**Matt Savage**

## YOU ARE WHAT YOU EAT

Are you hungry for more rudiments? Check out marching percussionist extraordinaire - Matt Savage.

In the book on the right, "Savage Rudimental Workshop," is an awesome resource for learning all of the percussion rudiments, complete with a CD of Matt playing all of the exercises and solos found in the book.

YOU NEED THIS BOOK!



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion



## FLAM DRILLS



Flams and Drags are an essential part of good snare technique. The Flam consists of two different types of strokes: down-stroke and up-stroke. The down-stroke starts high and ends low (near the drumhead). The up-stroke starts near the drumhead and ends high. The first drill works these two strokes carefully (notated by the arrows). Be diligent with learning these strokes as they are the key to accurate flams and drags.

### Drill Sergeant's Orders:

- 👉 STAY RELAXED - Monitor your tension at all times. If you feel the slightest bit of tension: **1.** Stop immediately; **2.** Do stretch #6; **3.** Return when relaxed.
- 👉 Drills **MUST** be played with a metronome
- 👉 Starting metronome marking is exactly that - a place to start. Gradually shift the tempo upwards. Don't accept limits on your technique. You will surprise yourself.
- 👉 Sticking must be played precisely as written.
- 👉 All repeats should be played a total of 10 times.
- 👉 Focus on performing precise strokes (up or down). This will help speed and accuracy.

Start at: ♩ = 60

The musical notation consists of five staves. The first staff shows a sequence of strokes: R R R R I. I. I. I. R R R R I. I. I. I., with arrows indicating down and up strokes. The second staff shows pairs of strokes with 'RESET' labels: I.R I.R I.R I.R R.I. R.I. R.I. R.I. The third staff is labeled 'Rudiment #20' and shows a sequence of strokes: R L R L R L R L R L R L. The fourth and fifth staves show more complex rhythmic patterns with R and L strokes.



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

Start at: ♩ = 60



RLL RLL RLL RLL RLL RLL RLL R LRR LRR LRR LRR LRR LRR LRR L  
 RRR LLL RRR LLL RRR LLL RRR L RRR LLL RRR LLL RRR LLL RRR L  
 RLRL RLRL RLRL RLRL RLRL RLRL R LRLR LRLR LRLR LRLR LRLR LRLR L  
 RLRR LLLL RLRR LLLL RLRR LLLL RLRR R LLLL RLRR LLLL RLRR LLLL L

Start at: ♩ = 70



R R R R RRR RRR R R R R RRR RRR L L L L LLL LLL L L L L LLL LLL  
 RRR RRR RRR RRR RRR RRR RRR LLL LLL LLL LLL L LLL LLL LLL L  
 RRR RRR RRR RRR LLL LLL LLL LLL  
 L L R L L R L L R L L R L L R L L R L L R L L R L L R  
 L L R L L R L L R L L R L L R L L R L L R L L R





# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

Start at: ♩ = 70



Rudiment #22 →

R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L

L L R R L L R R L L R R L L R R

R L R L R R L L R R L L

R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L

Start at: ♩ = 70



R R R R R R R R L L R R L L R L L L L L R R L L R R L L

R L R R L R L R R L L R L L R L L R L

R R L L R R L L R R L L R R L L

R R L L R R L L R L L R R L

Start at: ♩ = 70



R R R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L

R L L R L L R L R L R L R L R L L R R L L

R L R L R R L L R L R L R R R L R L R L R R L L

R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L



16

# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion



## RUDIMENT REFERENCE



### PERCUSSIVE ARTS SOCIETY INTERNATIONAL DRUM RUDIMENTS

ALL RUDIMENTS SHOULD BE PRACTICED: OPEN (SLOW) TO CLOSE (FAST) TO OPEN (SLOW) AND/OR AT AN EVEN MODERATE MARCH TEMPO.

#### I. ROLL RUDIMENTS

##### A. SINGLE STROKE ROLL RUDIMENTS

1. SINGLE STROKE ROLL \*

2. SINGLE STROKE FOUR

3. SINGLE STROKE SEVEN

##### B. MULTIPLE BOUNCE ROLL RUDIMENTS

4. MULTIPLE BOUNCE ROLL

5. TRIPLE STROKE ROLL

##### C. DOUBLE STROKE OPEN ROLL RUDIMENTS

6. DOUBLE STROKE OPEN ROLL \*

7. FIVE STROKE ROLL \*

8. SIX STROKE ROLL

9. SEVEN STROKE ROLL \*

10. NINE STROKE ROLL \*

11. TEN STROKE ROLL \*

12. ELEVEN STROKE ROLL \*

13. THIRTEEN STROKE ROLL \*

14. FIFTEEN STROKE ROLL \*

15. SEVENTEEN STROKE ROLL

#### II. DIDDLE RUDIMENTS

16. SINGLE PARADIDDLE \*

17. DOUBLE PARADIDDLE \*

18. TRIPLE PARADIDDLE


19. SINGLE PARADIDDLE-DIDDLE





# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion


## PAS INTERNATIONAL DRUM RUDIMENTS PAGE 2


### III. FLAM RUDIMENTS


20. FLAM \*   
LR RL


21. FLAM ACCENT \*   
LR L R RL R L


22. FLAM TAP \*   
LR RR L LL RR LL

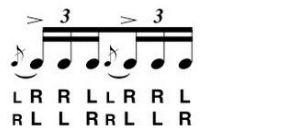
23. FLAMACUE \*   
LR L R LL R RL RL R RL


24. FLAM PARADIDDLE \*   
LR L RR RL RL L L


25. SINGLE FLAMMED MILL   
LR RL RR LL RL L L

26. FLAM PARADIDDLE-DIDDLE \*   
LR L RR LL L RL R L L RR


27. PATAFLAFLA   
LR L RR LL RR LL RR LL


28. SWISS ARMY TRIPLET   
LR R LL R RL RL L RR LL L R


29. INVERTED FLAM TAP   
LR LR L RL R LR L R L R


30. FLAM DRAG   
LR L L RR L R R L


### IV. DRAG RUDIMENTS


31. DRAG \*   
LLR RRL


32. SINGLE DRAG TAP \*   
LLR L RRL R

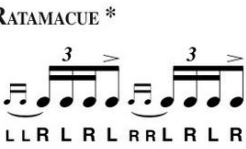
33. DOUBLE DRAG TAP \*   
LLR LLR L RRL RRL R


34. LESSON 25 \*   
LLR L R LL R L R RR L R L RR L R L


35. SINGLE DRAGADIDDLE   
RRL R R LL R L L

36. DRAG PARADIDDLE #1 \*   
R LLR L R R L RR L R L L

37. DRAG PARADIDDLE #2 \*   
R LLR LLR L RR L RR L RR L R L L

38. SINGLE RATAMACUE \*   
LLR L R L RR L R L R

39. DOUBLE RATAMACUE \*   
LLR LLR L R L RR L RR L R L R

40. TRIPLE RATAMACUE \*   
LLR LLR LLR L R L RR L RR L RR L R L R



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion



## TECHNICAL DRILLS



So far in your routine you have worked snare technique so now it is time to move to the mallet instruments. These exercises will work best on marimba (the instrument having the largest range), but a xylophone or even vibraphone will work for almost all drills. It is important in today's musical world to be a well rounded "percussionist" not just a good "mallet player" or "drummer." Work hard to gain a solid technique on all the percussion instruments and take pride in the term, "percussionist!"

### Drill Sergeant's Orders:

- 🦘 STAY RELAXED - Monitor your tension at all times. If you feel the slightest bit of tension: **1.** Stop immediately; **2.** Do stretch #6; **3.** Return when relaxed.
- 🦘 Drills MUST be played with a metronome
- 🦘 Sticking must be played precisely as written.
- 🦘 Focus on great tone. Make sure you are hitting the bars over the resonators and not over the nodes. Work for a full even tone no matter what hand is being used or what note is being played.
- 🦘 Work for memorization so that you can monitor your technique as you play by looking solely at the instrument.
- 🦘 Next work your muscle memory and peripheral vision by focusing your eyes solely on the music and play the exercise.
- 🦘 Use alternate sticking where sticking is unmarked.



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

♩ = 88-120

R L R L                      R L R

R L L R L R                      L R L

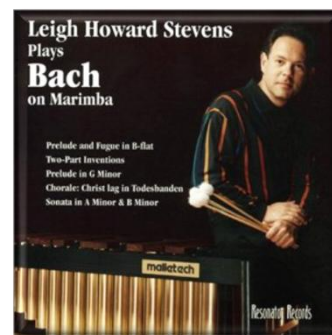


## YOU ARE WHAT YOU EAT

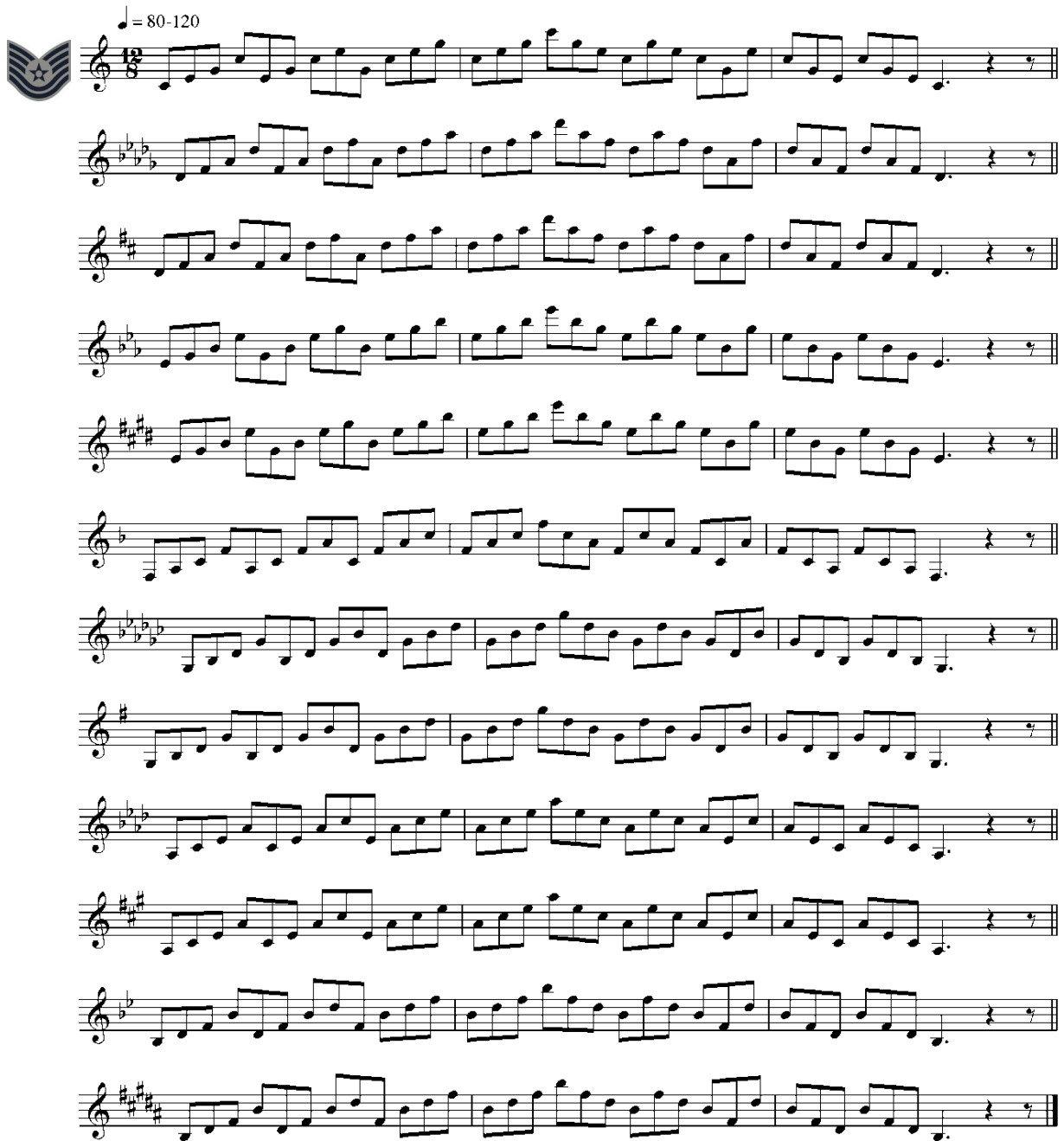
Listen to one of the most influential percussionists of all time - Leigh Howard Stevens. Leigh is a pioneer of four mallet playing. So much so, that the most popular grip used to hold all four mallets is called the "Steven's Grip."

In the recording on the right, "Leigh Howard Stevens Plays Bach", Leigh Howard Stevens ... well ... plays Bach ... really well!

YOU NEED THIS RECORDING!!



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion



♩ = 80-120

The image displays a percussion technique exercise sheet. It begins with a tempo marking of a quarter note equal to 80-120 beats per minute. The exercise is presented in ten staves, each with a different key signature: C major, B-flat major, A major, G major, F major, E-flat major, D major, C major, B-flat major, and A major. Each staff contains a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes, designed to be played on a drum set. The patterns are consistent across all staves, with the key signature being the primary variable.



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion



$\text{♩} = 56-80$



Musical notation for percussion exercise 1, featuring a 6/8 time signature and a tempo of 56-80. The exercise consists of four staves of music with various rhythmic patterns and accidentals.



$\text{♩} = 72-112$

L R L R etc...



Musical notation for percussion exercise 2, featuring a 4/4 time signature and a tempo of 72-112. The exercise includes a rhythmic pattern labeled "L R L R etc..." and consists of four staves of music.



$\text{♩} = 72-112$

R L R L etc...



Musical notation for percussion exercise 3, featuring a 4/4 time signature and a tempo of 72-112. The exercise includes a rhythmic pattern labeled "R L R L etc..." and consists of four staves of music.



## Technique Boot Camp - Percussion



### MAJOR SCALE DRILLS



These drills are the final challenge for your daily routine. Without exercising your abilities in every musical language (key), you will be limited in what you can accomplish as a musician. Scales are the building blocks of all of the music that we play. If you know these scales, everything becomes easier. Music will become easier to play because you have seen the notes before. Basically, when you practice scales, you are travelling into the future. You are making it easier to play music that you will see later. Cool!

#### Drill Sergeant's Orders:

- ✂ STAY RELAXED - Monitor your tension at all times. If you feel the slightest bit of tension: **1.** Stop immediately; **2.** Do stretch #6; **3.** Return when relaxed.
- ✂ Drills MUST be played with a metronome
- ✂ Sticking must be played precisely as written.
- ✂ Focus on great tone. Make sure you are hitting the bars over the resonators and not over the nodes. Work for a full even tone no matter what hand is being used or what note is being played.
- ✂ Practice your least favorite scales the most. Chances are that you will have scales that you like more than others. Chances are even greater that the scales you don't like are the scales that need to most practice. Practice not just to feel good, but to improve!



#### **Minnesota Orchestra Percussion Section**

Brian Mount, Jason Arkis, Kevin Watkins along with Fernando Meza  
(percussion instructor at the University of Minnesota)

#### YOU ARE WHAT YOU EAT

Check out the hometown team! You can listen to all the recordings in the world, but there is nothing that compares to hearing great music played live. Take a trip down to Minneapolis and hear the Minnesota Orchestra's wonderful percussion section.

How would these great players perform the drills in this book?





# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

## Drills in C Major



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

1. R L R L etc.  
2. L R L R etc.

Musical notation for the first drill, consisting of two staves of music in 4/4 time.



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

L R L R etc. L R L R

R L R L

Musical notation for the second drill, consisting of two staves of music in 4/4 time.



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

R L R L

L R L R

Musical notation for the third drill, consisting of two staves of music in 4/4 time.



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

R L R L R L R R

L R L R

Musical notation for the fourth drill, consisting of two staves of music in 4/4 time.



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

R L R R L R L L R L R R L R L L

Musical notation for the fifth drill, consisting of two staves of music in 4/4 time.



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

Musical notation for the sixth drill, consisting of two staves of music in 4/4 time.



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

## Drills in Db Major



♩ = 120-184

1. R L R L etc.  
2. I. R I. R etc.

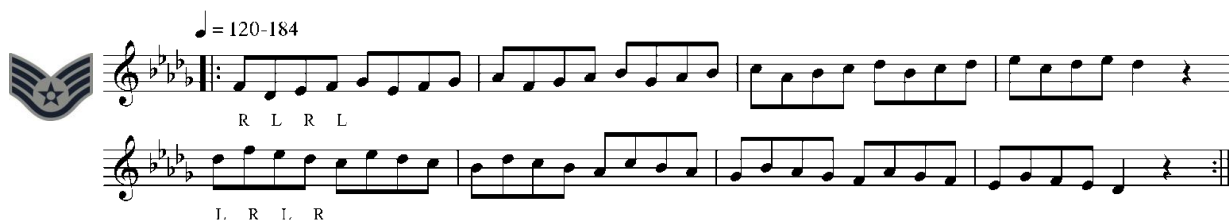
This drill is marked with a 4/4 time signature and a tempo of 120-184. It features two staves of music in Db major. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of three flats. The second staff has a bass clef. The rhythm consists of quarter notes in a steady pattern.



♩ = 120-184

I. R I. R etc. L R L R  
R L R L

This drill is marked with a 4/4 time signature and a tempo of 120-184. It features two staves of music in Db major. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of three flats. The second staff has a bass clef. The rhythm consists of quarter notes in a steady pattern.



♩ = 120-184

R L R L  
I. R I. R

This drill is marked with a 4/4 time signature and a tempo of 120-184. It features two staves of music in Db major. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of three flats. The second staff has a bass clef. The rhythm consists of quarter notes in a steady pattern.



♩ = 60-120

R I. R I. R L R R  
I. R I. R

This drill is marked with a 4/4 time signature and a tempo of 60-120. It features two staves of music in Db major. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of three flats. The second staff has a bass clef. The rhythm consists of eighth notes in a steady pattern.



♩ = 60-120

R I. R R I. R I. L R L R L L L L  
R L R R L R L L L L

This drill is marked with a 4/4 time signature and a tempo of 60-120. It features two staves of music in Db major. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of three flats. The second staff has a bass clef. The rhythm consists of eighth notes in a steady pattern.



♩ = 60-120

This drill is marked with a 4/4 time signature and a tempo of 60-120. It features two staves of music in Db major. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of three flats. The second staff has a bass clef. The rhythm consists of quarter notes in a steady pattern.



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

## Drills in D Major



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

1. R L R L etc.  
2. L R L R etc.

Musical notation for the first drill, consisting of two staves in D major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: D4, E4, F#4, G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, D5, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: D4, E4, F#4, G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, D5, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4.



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

L R L R etc. L R L R  
R L R L

Musical notation for the second drill, consisting of two staves in D major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: D4, E4, F#4, G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, D5, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: D4, E4, F#4, G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, D5, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4.



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

R L R L  
L R L R

Musical notation for the third drill, consisting of two staves in D major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: D4, E4, F#4, G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, D5, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: D4, E4, F#4, G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, D5, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4.



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

R L R L R L R R  
L R L R

Musical notation for the fourth drill, consisting of two staves in D major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: D4, E4, F#4, G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, D5, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: D4, E4, F#4, G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, D5, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4.



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

R L R R L R L L R L R R L R L L  
R L R R L R L L

Musical notation for the fifth drill, consisting of two staves in D major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: D4, E4, F#4, G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, D5, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: D4, E4, F#4, G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, D5, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4.



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

Musical notation for the sixth drill, consisting of two staves in D major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: D4, E4, F#4, G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, D5, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: D4, E4, F#4, G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, D5, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4.



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

## Drills in Eb Major



♩ = 120-184

1. R L R L etc.  
2. L R L R etc.

This drill is in Eb major, 4/4 time, with a tempo of 120-184. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The second staff has a bass clef. The rhythm is a steady eighth-note pattern.



♩ = 120-184

L R L R etc. L R L R  
R L R L


This drill is in Eb major, 4/4 time, with a tempo of 120-184. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The second staff has a bass clef. The rhythm is a steady eighth-note pattern.



♩ = 120-184

R L R L  
L R L R

This drill is in Eb major, 4/4 time, with a tempo of 120-184. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The second staff has a bass clef. The rhythm is a steady eighth-note pattern.



♩ = 60-120

RLRL R L R R  
L R L R

This drill is in Eb major, 4/4 time, with a tempo of 60-120. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The second staff has a bass clef. The rhythm is a steady eighth-note pattern.



♩ = 60-120

R L R R L R L L R L R R L L L L  
R L R R L L L L

This drill is in Eb major, 4/4 time, with a tempo of 60-120. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The second staff has a bass clef. The rhythm is a steady eighth-note pattern.



♩ = 60-120

This drill is in Eb major, 4/4 time, with a tempo of 60-120. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The second staff has a bass clef. The rhythm is a steady eighth-note pattern.



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

## Drills in E Major



♩ = 120-184

1. R I. R I. etc.  
2. L R L R etc.

This drill is marked with a 1st class sergeant's rank badge. It consists of two staves of music in E major (one sharp). The tempo is 120-184. The first staff has two lines of rhythmic notation with the patterns "1. R I. R I. etc." and "2. L R L R etc." written below. The second staff continues the rhythmic pattern.



♩ = 120-184

L R L R etc. L R L R  
R L R L


This drill is marked with a 2nd class sergeant's rank badge. It consists of two staves of music in E major. The tempo is 120-184. The first staff has two lines of rhythmic notation with the patterns "L R L R etc." and "L R L R" written below. The second staff continues the rhythmic pattern with "R L R L".



♩ = 120-184

R L R L  
I. R I. R

This drill is marked with a 3rd class sergeant's rank badge. It consists of two staves of music in E major. The tempo is 120-184. The first staff has two lines of rhythmic notation with the patterns "R L R L" and "I. R I. R" written below. The second staff continues the rhythmic pattern.



♩ = 60-120

RLRL R L R R  
L R L R

This drill is marked with a 4th class sergeant's rank badge. It consists of two staves of music in E major. The tempo is 60-120. The first staff has two lines of rhythmic notation with the patterns "RLRL" and "R L R R" written below. The second staff continues the rhythmic pattern with "L R L R".



♩ = 60-120

R L R R L R I. I. R L R R L R L L

This drill is marked with a 5th class sergeant's rank badge. It consists of two staves of music in E major. The tempo is 60-120. The first staff has two lines of rhythmic notation with the patterns "R L R R L R I. I." and "R L R R L R L L" written below. The second staff continues the rhythmic pattern.



♩ = 60-120

This drill is marked with a 6th class sergeant's rank badge. It consists of two staves of music in E major. The tempo is 60-120. The first staff has two lines of rhythmic notation. The second staff continues the rhythmic pattern.



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

## Drills in F Major




$\text{♩} = 120-184$

1. R L R L etc.  
2. I. R I. R etc.



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

I. R I. R etc. L R L R  
R I. R I.



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

R L R L  
I. R I. R



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

R I. R I. R L R R



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

R L R R L R L L R L R R L R L L



$\text{♩} = 60-120$



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

## Drills in Gb Major



♩ = 120-184

1. R I. R I. etc.  
2. L R L R etc.

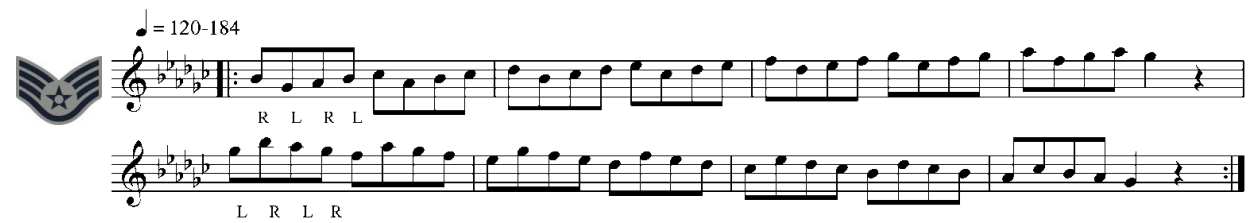
This drill consists of two staves of music in Gb major. The first staff features a melodic line with eighth notes, and the second staff features a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes. The tempo is marked as 120-184.



♩ = 120-184

L R L R L R L R

This drill consists of two staves of music in Gb major. The first staff features a melodic line with eighth notes, and the second staff features a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes. The tempo is marked as 120-184.



♩ = 120-184

R L R L L R L R

This drill consists of two staves of music in Gb major. The first staff features a melodic line with eighth notes, and the second staff features a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes. The tempo is marked as 120-184.



♩ = 60-120

R L R L R L R R

This drill consists of two staves of music in Gb major. The first staff features a melodic line with eighth notes, and the second staff features a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes. The tempo is marked as 60-120.



♩ = 60-120

R L R R L R L L R L R L L L

This drill consists of two staves of music in Gb major. The first staff features a melodic line with eighth notes, and the second staff features a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes. The tempo is marked as 60-120.



♩ = 60-120

This drill consists of two staves of music in Gb major. The first staff features a melodic line with eighth notes, and the second staff features a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes. The tempo is marked as 60-120.

# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

## Drills in G Major



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

1. R I R I etc.  
2. L R L R etc.

Musical notation for the first drill, consisting of two staves in G major with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first staff has a 4/4 time signature and a repeat sign. The melody consists of eighth notes: G4-A4-B4-C5, D5-E5-F#5-G5, A5-B5-C6, D6-E6-F#6-G6. The second staff continues the melody with eighth notes: G6-F#6-E6-D6, C6-B5-A5-G5, F#5-E5-D5-C5, B4-A4-G4. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

L R L R I R I R

R L R L

Musical notation for the second drill, consisting of two staves in G major with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first staff has a 4/4 time signature and a repeat sign. The melody consists of eighth notes: G4-A4-B4-C5, D5-E5-F#5-G5, A5-B5-C6, D6-E6-F#6-G6. The second staff continues the melody with eighth notes: G6-F#6-E6-D6, C6-B5-A5-G5, F#5-E5-D5-C5, B4-A4-G4. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

R L R L I R I R

Musical notation for the third drill, consisting of two staves in G major with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first staff has a 4/4 time signature and a repeat sign. The melody consists of eighth notes: G4-A4-B4-C5, D5-E5-F#5-G5, A5-B5-C6, D6-E6-F#6-G6. The second staff continues the melody with eighth notes: G6-F#6-E6-D6, C6-B5-A5-G5, F#5-E5-D5-C5, B4-A4-G4. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.




$\text{♩} = 60-120$

R L R L R L R R

L R L R

Musical notation for the fourth drill, consisting of two staves in G major with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first staff has a 4/4 time signature and a repeat sign. The melody consists of eighth notes: G4-A4-B4-C5, D5-E5-F#5-G5, A5-B5-C6, D6-E6-F#6-G6. The second staff continues the melody with eighth notes: G6-F#6-E6-D6, C6-B5-A5-G5, F#5-E5-D5-C5, B4-A4-G4. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

R L R R L R L L R L R R L R L L

Musical notation for the fifth drill, consisting of two staves in G major with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first staff has a 4/4 time signature and a repeat sign. The melody consists of eighth notes: G4-A4-B4-C5, D5-E5-F#5-G5, A5-B5-C6, D6-E6-F#6-G6. The second staff continues the melody with eighth notes: G6-F#6-E6-D6, C6-B5-A5-G5, F#5-E5-D5-C5, B4-A4-G4. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

Musical notation for the sixth drill, consisting of two staves in G major with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first staff has a 4/4 time signature and a repeat sign. The melody consists of eighth notes: G4-A4-B4-C5, D5-E5-F#5-G5, A5-B5-C6, D6-E6-F#6-G6. The second staff continues the melody with eighth notes: G6-F#6-E6-D6, C6-B5-A5-G5, F#5-E5-D5-C5, B4-A4-G4. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.





# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

## Drills in Ab Major

  $\text{♩} = 120-184$


1. R I. R I. etc.  
2. I. R I. R etc.




  $\text{♩} = 120-184$

1. R I. R L R L R  
R I. R I.



  $\text{♩} = 120-184$

R L R L  
L R L R



  $\text{♩} = 60-120$

RLRL  
I. R I. R



  $\text{♩} = 60-120$

RLRR LLLL  
RLRR LLLL



  $\text{♩} = 60-120$



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

## Drills in A Major



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

1. R L R L etc.  
2. I. R I. R etc.

Musical notation for drill 1 in A major, 4/4 time, tempo 120-184. The first staff features a rhythmic pattern of quarter notes: R L R L etc. The second staff features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes: I. R I. R etc. Both staves end with a double bar line.



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

L R L R L R L R

R L R L

Musical notation for drill 2 in A major, 4/4 time, tempo 120-184. The first staff features a rhythmic pattern of quarter notes: L R L R. The second staff features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes: R L R L. Both staves end with a double bar line.




$\text{♩} = 120-184$

R I. R I.

I. R I. R

Musical notation for drill 3 in A major, 4/4 time, tempo 120-184. The first staff features a rhythmic pattern of quarter notes: R I. R I.. The second staff features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes: I. R I. R. Both staves end with a double bar line.



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

R L R I.

R L R R

L R L R

Musical notation for drill 4 in A major, 4/4 time, tempo 60-120. The first staff features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes: R L R I.. The second staff features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes: R L R R. The third staff features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes: L R L R. All staves end with a double bar line.



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

R L R R I. R L I.

R L R R L R L L

Musical notation for drill 5 in A major, 4/4 time, tempo 60-120. The first staff features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes: R L R R I. R L I.. The second staff features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes: R L R R L R L L. Both staves end with a double bar line.



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

Musical notation for drill 6 in A major, 4/4 time, tempo 60-120. The first staff features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The second staff features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. Both staves end with a double bar line.



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

## Drills in Bb Major



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

1. R L R L etc.  
2. L R L R etc.

Musical notation for the first drill, consisting of two staves in Bb major, 4/4 time. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: Bb, C, D, Eb, F, G, Ab, Bb. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: C, D, Eb, F, G, Ab, Bb, C.



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

I. R I R  
L R L R

Musical notation for the second drill, consisting of two staves in Bb major, 4/4 time. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: Bb, C, D, Eb, F, G, Ab, Bb. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: C, D, Eb, F, G, Ab, Bb, C.



$\text{♩} = 120-184$

R I R I  
L R L R

Musical notation for the third drill, consisting of two staves in Bb major, 4/4 time. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: Bb, C, D, Eb, F, G, Ab, Bb. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: C, D, Eb, F, G, Ab, Bb, C.



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

R L R L  
L R L R

Musical notation for the fourth drill, consisting of two staves in Bb major, 4/4 time. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: Bb, C, D, Eb, F, G, Ab, Bb. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: C, D, Eb, F, G, Ab, Bb, C.



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

R L R R L R L L  
R I R R I R I L

Musical notation for the fifth drill, consisting of two staves in Bb major, 4/4 time. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: Bb, C, D, Eb, F, G, Ab, Bb. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: C, D, Eb, F, G, Ab, Bb, C.



$\text{♩} = 60-120$

Musical notation for the sixth drill, consisting of two staves in Bb major, 4/4 time. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: Bb, C, D, Eb, F, G, Ab, Bb. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: C, D, Eb, F, G, Ab, Bb, C.



# Technique Boot Camp - Percussion

## Drills in B Major



♩ = 120-184

1. R I. R I. etc.  
2. L R L R etc.

This drill is written in B major (two sharps) and 4/4 time. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The second staff has a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. The tempo is marked as ♩ = 120-184. The first measure of the first staff is marked with a first ending bracket and contains the notes B4, C#5, D5, E5. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: B4, C#5, D5, E5, F#5, G5, A5, B5, B4, A5, G5, F#5, E5, D5, C#5, B4. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: B4, C#5, D5, E5, F#5, G5, A5, B5, B4, A5, G5, F#5, E5, D5, C#5, B4. The piece ends with a double bar line.



♩ = 120-184

L R L R L R L R

R I. R I.

This drill is written in B major (two sharps) and 4/4 time. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The second staff has a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. The tempo is marked as ♩ = 120-184. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: B4, C#5, D5, E5, F#5, G5, A5, B5, B4, A5, G5, F#5, E5, D5, C#5, B4. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: B4, C#5, D5, E5, F#5, G5, A5, B5, B4, A5, G5, F#5, E5, D5, C#5, B4. The piece ends with a double bar line.

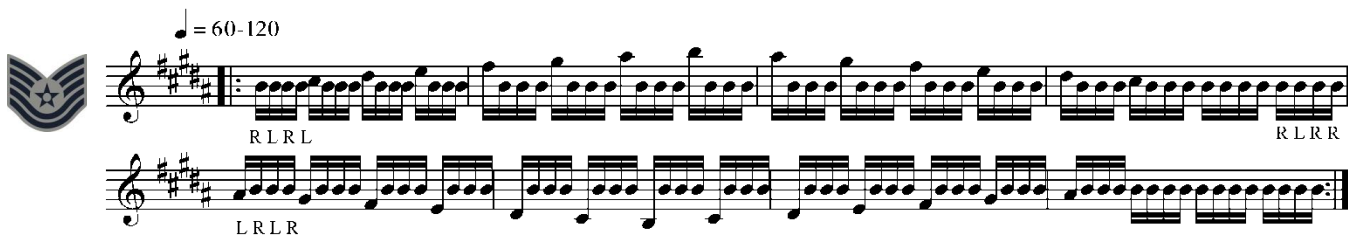


♩ = 120-184

R L R L

L R L R

This drill is written in B major (two sharps) and 4/4 time. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The second staff has a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. The tempo is marked as ♩ = 120-184. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: B4, C#5, D5, E5, F#5, G5, A5, B5, B4, A5, G5, F#5, E5, D5, C#5, B4. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: B4, C#5, D5, E5, F#5, G5, A5, B5, B4, A5, G5, F#5, E5, D5, C#5, B4. The piece ends with a double bar line.



♩ = 60-120

RLRL RLRL

LRLR

This drill is written in B major (two sharps) and 4/4 time. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The second staff has a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. The tempo is marked as ♩ = 60-120. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: B4, C#5, D5, E5, F#5, G5, A5, B5, B4, A5, G5, F#5, E5, D5, C#5, B4. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: B4, C#5, D5, E5, F#5, G5, A5, B5, B4, A5, G5, F#5, E5, D5, C#5, B4. The piece ends with a double bar line.



♩ = 60-120

RLRR LRL L R I. R I. L I.

This drill is written in B major (two sharps) and 4/4 time. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The second staff has a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. The tempo is marked as ♩ = 60-120. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: B4, C#5, D5, E5, F#5, G5, A5, B5, B4, A5, G5, F#5, E5, D5, C#5, B4. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: B4, C#5, D5, E5, F#5, G5, A5, B5, B4, A5, G5, F#5, E5, D5, C#5, B4. The piece ends with a double bar line.



♩ = 60-120

This drill is written in B major (two sharps) and 4/4 time. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The second staff has a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. The tempo is marked as ♩ = 60-120. The first staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: B4, C#5, D5, E5, F#5, G5, A5, B5, B4, A5, G5, F#5, E5, D5, C#5, B4. The second staff contains a sequence of eighth notes: B4, C#5, D5, E5, F#5, G5, A5, B5, B4, A5, G5, F#5, E5, D5, C#5, B4. The piece ends with a double bar line.





## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS



Very few of the exercises contained in this book are completely original. Most have been compiled and adapted from proven exercise books from the entire spectrum of percussion playing and from the many clinics and supplementary material from the American Band College Summers of 2010 and 2011. Effort was made to pick the most necessary exercises and adapt them to a progressive daily routine. The following resources proved immensely helpful:

**The American Band College Summer 2010 Notebook and Clinics**

Robert Breithaupt  
Robert Snider

**The American Band College Summer 2011 Notebook and Clinics**

Nick Petrella  
Matt Savage

**Fundamental Method for Mallets Book II** - Mitchell Peters

**Stick Control for the Snare Drummer** - George Lawrence Stone

**Savage Rudimental Workshop** - Matt Savage

**Two Mallet Technique** - Robert Adney

